

CENSUS SAMPLE RECORD REVIEW

Facility Name: _____ Facility ID: _____ Date: _____

Surveyor Name: _____

Resident Name: _____ Resident ID: _____ Admit Date: _____ Resident Room: _____

A MDS Items

**If the ASE-Q has MDS data for the resident, do not answer this question (the MDS Item will have a check mark [inapplicable]).
If the ASE-Q does not have MDS data for the resident, obtain the information from the MDS in the chart or other data sources as instructed for each item.**

1) Prognosis (MDS – J1400): Does the resident have a condition or chronic disease that may result in a life expectancy of less than 6 months?
(If the MDS is not completed, reference other data sources such as the physician orders and/or progress notes. Terminal illness means that the individual has a medical prognosis that his or her life expectancy is 6 months or less if the illness runs its normal course.)

No
 Yes
 Information not available

B Pressure Ulcers QP262 QP263

1) Does the resident currently have one or more pressure ulcers? If yes, indicate the stage of the most advanced pressure ulcer.

No pressure ulcer.

Stage 1 – Intact skin with non-blanchable redness of a localized area usually over a bony prominence. Darkly pigmented skin may not have a visible blanching; in dark skin tones only it may appear with persistent blue or purple hues.

Stage 2 – Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a red or pink wound bed, without slough. May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister.

Stage 3 – Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visible but bone, tendon, or muscle is not exposed. Slough may be present but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and tunneling.

Stage 4 – Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, or muscle. Slough or eschar may be present on some parts of the wound bed. Often includes undermining and tunneling.

Unstageable (eschar/slough) – Pressure ulcer is known but not stageable due to non-removable dressing/device or due to the coverage of the wound bed by slough or eschar.

Suspected Deep Tissue Injury (sDTI) – Suspected deep tissue injury in evolution. Localized area of discolored (darker than surrounding tissue) intact skin or blood-filled blister related to damage of underlying soft tissue from pressure and/or shear. Area of discoloration may be preceded by tissue that is painful, firm, mushy, boggy, warmer, or cooler as compared to adjacent tissue.

CENSUS SAMPLE RECORD REVIEW

C Unnecessary Medications

1) Is this resident currently receiving any of the following medications at least one time in the last 30 days? (Mark all that apply)

- A: Antipsychotic
- B: Antianxiety
- C: Antidepressant
- D: Hypnotic
- E: Mood Stabilizer
- F: Anticoagulant – Warfarin, Heparin, Low Molecular Weight Heparin (e.g., Fragmin), Direct thrombin inhibitors (e.g., Pradaxa)
- G: Antibiotic
- H: Diuretic
- I: Insulin
- J: None of the above

Code medications according to a drug's pharmacological classification, not how it is used.

CENSUS SAMPLE RECORD REVIEW

D Weight Loss QP081 QP084

Do **not** complete this section if the resident has an explicit terminal prognosis.

1) Is the resident on a planned weight loss program?

No

Yes (review is complete)

1) Height and Weights:

Height: _____ (inches) If the ASE-Q has MDS data for the resident, the Height field will be gray (inapplicable), and the surveyor does not need to enter the resident's height.

Date and weight closest to today's date:

____/____/____

Weight: _____ lbs.

Unavailable
(review is complete)

Date and weight closest to 30 days prior to today's date:

____/____/____

Weight: _____ lbs.

Unavailable

Date and weight closest to 90 days prior to today's date:

____/____/____

Weight: _____ lbs.

Unavailable

Date and weight closest to 180 days prior to today's date:

____/____/____

Weight: _____ lbs.

Unavailable

Note: The ASE-Q calculates the requested dates and percentage weight loss. Weight loss QCLIs are included in ASE-Q QCLI Results.